

# 2021 Online HYSPLIT Workshop (DAY 2 of 4) Wrap-Up

NOAA Air Resources Laboratory June 15-18, 2021



#### Workshop guidance and resources posted at

**Workshop Web Page** 

https://www.ready.noaa.gov/register/HYSPLIT\_hyagenda.php

... this wrap-up presentation will be put on Workshop Web Page



| UTC           | EDT           | Agenda Item                         |
|---------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| 13:00 – 13:15 | 09:00 - 09:15 | Welcome, Introduction and Logistics |
| 13:15 – 14:00 | 09:15 - 10:00 | 1. Installing HYSPLIT               |
| 14:00 - 14:10 | 10:00 - 10:10 | Break                               |
| 14:10 – 14:50 | 10:10 - 10:50 | 2. Testing the installation         |
| 14:50 – 15:00 | 10:50 - 11:00 | Break                               |
| 15:00 – 15:45 | 11:00 - 11:45 | 3. Gridded meteorological data sets |
| 15:45 – 16:30 | 11:45 – 12:30 | Break                               |
| 16:30 – 18:00 | 12:30 - 14:00 | 4. Trajectory calculations          |
| 18:00 – 18:15 | 14:00 – 14:15 | Break                               |
| 18:15 – 19:30 | 14:15 – 15:30 | 5. Trajectory options               |
| 19:30 – 19:40 | 15:30 – 15:40 | Break                               |
| 19:40 – 20:45 | 15:40 – 16:45 | 6. Trajectory statistics            |
| 20:45 - 21:00 | 16:45 – 17:00 | First day wrap-up                   |



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|---------------|---------------|---|
| 13:00 – 13:15 | 09:00 - 09:15 | Comments / questions from previous day  |
| 13:15 – 14:45 | 09:15 - 10:45 | 7. Air Concentration Calculations   |
| 14:45 – 15:00 | 10:45 – 11:00 | Break   |
| 15:00 – 16:30 | 11:00 – 12:30 | 8. Configuring the CAPTEX simulation  |
| 16:30 – 17:30 | 12:30 – 13:30 | Break   |
| 17:30 – 19:00 | 13:30 – 15:00 | 9. Air Concentration Parameter Sensitivity  |
| 19:00 – 19:15 | 15:00 – 15:15 | Break   |
| 19:15 – 20:00 | 15:15 – 16:00 | 10. Alternate Display Options   |
| 20:00 – 20:45 | 16:00 – 16:45 | 11. Pollutant Transformations and deposition (start this section if time permits) |
| 20:45 – 21:00 | 16:45 – 17:00 | Second day wrap-up / questions  |



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| 13:00 – 13:15 | 09:00 – 09:15 | Comments / questions from previous day                               |
| 13:15 – 14:15 | 09:15 – 10:15 | 11. Pollutant Transformations and deposition (continuing from Day 2) |
| 14:15 – 14:30 | 10:15 – 10:30 | Break  |
| 14:30 - 16:00 | 10:30 – 12:00 | 12. Air Concentration Uncertainty                                    |
| 16:00 – 17:00 | 12:00 – 13:00 | Break  |
| 17:00 – 18:00 | 13:00 – 14:00 | 13. Source Attribution Methods                                       |
| 18:00 – 18:15 | 14:00 – 14:15 | Break  |
| 18:15 – 19:15 | 14:15 – 15:15 | 13. Source Attribution Methods (continued)                           |
| 19:15 – 19:30 | 15:15 – 15:30 | Break  |
| 19:30 – 20:45 | 15:30 – 16:45 | 14. Wildfire Smoke and Dust Storms                                   |
| 20:45 – 21:00 | 16:45 – 17:00 | Third day wrap-up / questions  |



| UTC           | EDT           | Agenda Item  |
|---------------|---------------|--|
| 13:00 – 13:15 | 09:00 - 09:15 | Comments / questions from previous day                                     |
| 13:15 – 14:45 | 09:15 - 10:45 | 15. Radioactive Pollutants and Dose  |
| 14:45 – 15:00 | 10:45 – 11:00 | Break  |
| 15:00 – 16:30 | 11:00 – 12:30 | 16. Volcanic Eruptions with Gravitational Settling                         |
| 16:30 – 17:30 | 12:30 – 13:30 | Break  |
| 17:30 – 18:30 | 13:30 – 14:30 | 17. Custom Simulations   |
| 18:30 – 18:45 | 14:30 – 14:45 | Break  |
| 18:45 – 19:45 | 14:45 – 15:45 | Questions and answer (Q & A) session with course instructor Roland Draxler |
| 19:45 – 20:00 | 15:45 – 16:00 | Final course wrap-up   |



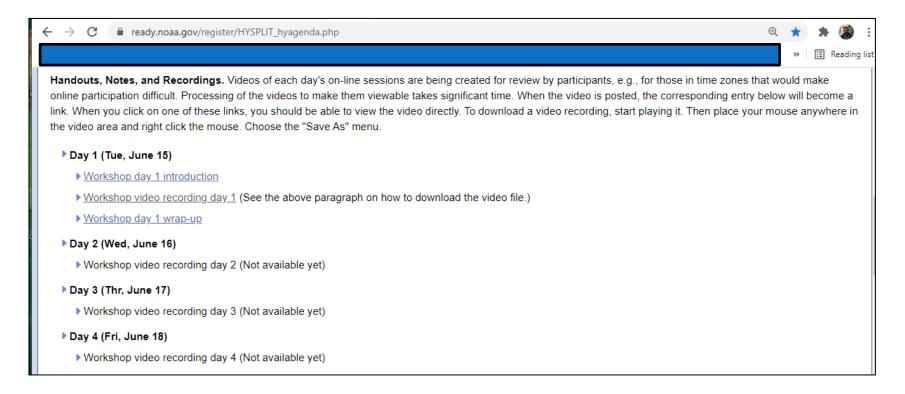
# Recordings



### Recordings

Access recordings from the Workshop Web Page: <a href="https://www.ready.noaa.gov/register/HYSPLIT">https://www.ready.noaa.gov/register/HYSPLIT</a> hyagenda.php

□ Recordings of each day's on-line sessions are being created, but processing typically takes at least 2-4 hours -- once the video is posted on our site, the corresponding item in the list below will turn into a link you can click to view





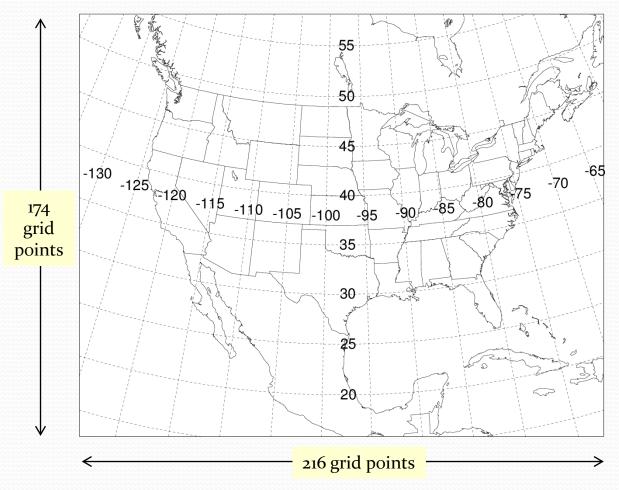
# Which Met Data Set Should You Use?

#### Selected Meteorological Datasets Available from NOAA ARL Archives\* (~100 TB)

(https://ready.arl.noaa.gov/archives.php)

|                           | Dataset                  | Horizontal<br>Resolution<br>(km- approx.) | Full-grid<br>dimensions | Temporal resolution (hrs) | Vertical<br>Levels | Period of<br>each file | Size of<br>each file<br>(GB) | Total size for<br>one month<br>of data (GB) | Availability         |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|---|----------------------|
|                           | HRRR-3km                 | 3   | 1799 x<br>1059          | 1                         | 37                 | ¼ day                  | 3.2                          | 390   | Jun 2015 -> present  |
| U.S. and regions          | NAMS-12km Hybrid         | CONUS - 12<br>Alaska - 12<br>Hawaii – 2   |                         | 1                         | 40                 | 1 day                  | 1.0<br>0.64<br>0.71          | 30<br>19<br>21                              | 2010 -> present      |
|                           | NAM-12km                 | 12  | 614 x 428               | 3                         | 27                 | 1 day                  | 0.395                        | 12  | May 2007 -> present  |
| iner                      | WRF-ARW-27km             | 27  | 216 x 174               | 1                         | 35                 | 1 day                  | 0.210                        | 6.4   | 1980 -> present      |
| Continental I surrounding | NARR-32km                | 32  | 309 x 237               | 3                         | 24                 | 1 month                | 2.8                          | 2.8   | 1979 -> 2019         |
|                           | EDAS-40km                | 40  | 185 x 129               | 3                         | 27                 | ½ month                | 0.6                          | 1.2   | 2004 -> 2018         |
|                           |                          |   |                         |                           |                    |                        |                              |   |                      |
|                           | GFS - 0.25°              | 27  | 1440 x 721              | 3                         | 56                 | 1 day                  | 2.7                          | 82  | Jun 2019 -> present  |
| oal                       | GDAS - 0.5°              | 55  | 720 x 361               | 3                         | 56                 | 1 day                  | 0.468                        | 14  | Sep 2007 -> Jun 2019 |
| Global                    | GDAS - 1º                | 111                                       | 360 x 181               | 3                         | 24                 | 1 week                 | 0.571                        | 2.5   | Dec 2004 -> present  |
|                           | Global Reanalysis - 2.5° | 278                                       | 144 x 73                | 6                         | 18                 | 1 month                | 0.11                         | 0.11  | 1948 -> present      |

#### Domain of WRF-ARW-27km met data set



Horizontal spacing ~27 km

35 vertical levels

Data every hour

Each file is for one day

(~210 MB per file)

#### What Meteorological Data Set should you use?

- ☐ There is not one right answer to this question, as it can depend on the region and the situation you are modeling.
- ☐ All things being equal, the WRF-27km dataset that we have may be the best, as it is a true "re-analysis" dataset.
- But, if you are in an area with complex terrain, and 27-km is too coarse to capture fine-scale meteorological phenomena, then you probably would want to use one of the finer-resolution datasets (e.g., HRRR-3km).
- ☐ One approach is to use different datasets and see what differences the answers result. If they are relatively different, you get an idea that there is a fair amount of uncertainty in the met data and the resulting HYSPLIT simulations. If they are similar, then chances are the results are more robust.
- ☐ Also, it can be very useful to compare the met data fields (wind direction, wind velocity, etc) with measurements in the area(s) you are interested in. To the extent that the met data matches the measurements, you can be more confident that the dataset you are using is a good one for your situation.

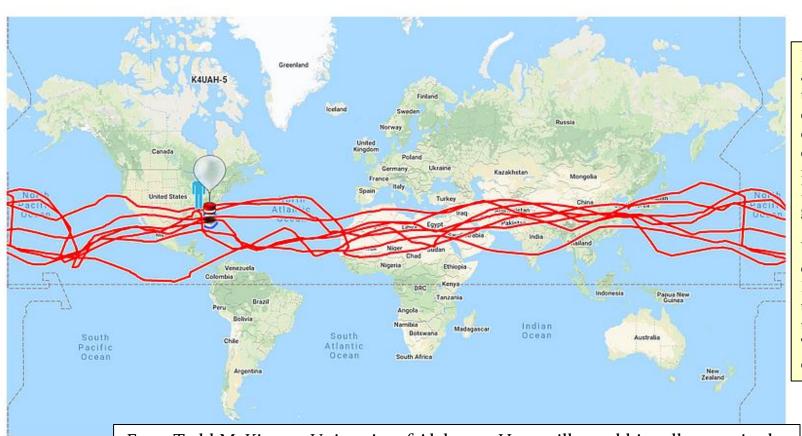


# High-Altitude Balloon Research to evaluate trajectories



#### K4UAH-5 has Landed 6/8/2021 - Day 115

K4UAH-5 has finally gone down! Late evening on 6/7/2021, K4UAH-5 appeared to have developed a leak off the coast of Flordia, where it dropped a few hundred meters. It did not wake up on 6/8/2021. K4UAH-5 had an amazing adventure, where it made seven total circumnavigations. It traveled thousands of kilometers and made contacts with every continent. Congratulations K4UAH-5, gone but not forgotten!



Balloons launched and then tracked as they fly around the earth. They are designed to fly at a constant pressure, in this case about 13 km above the ground.

We will be comparing HYSPLIT trajectories with the balloon paths. This work is ongoing.



# Movie showing a weather balloon launch, with a camera attached to the weather balloon instrumentation



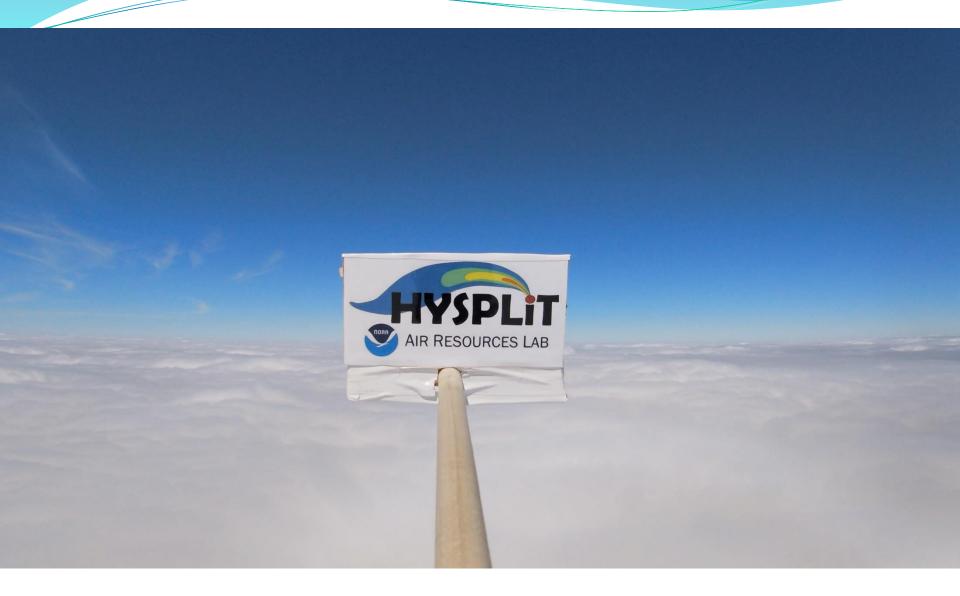
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# High-Altitude Balloon Launch with HYSPLIT Logo

Launched from University of Alabama in Huntsville on May 29th, 2021

Depolyed on a Kaymont 1000 gram Balloon Filmed with a GoPro HERO7

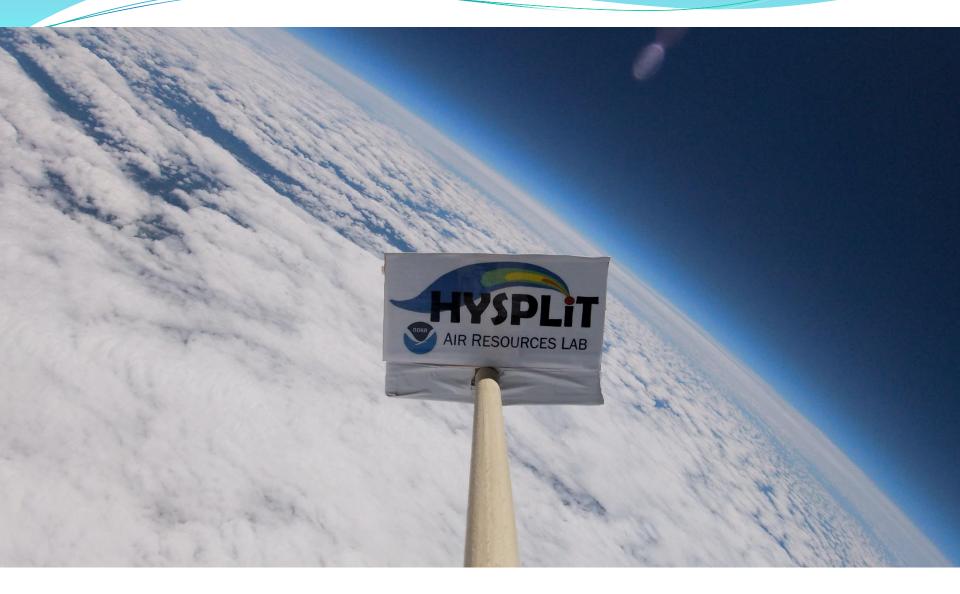




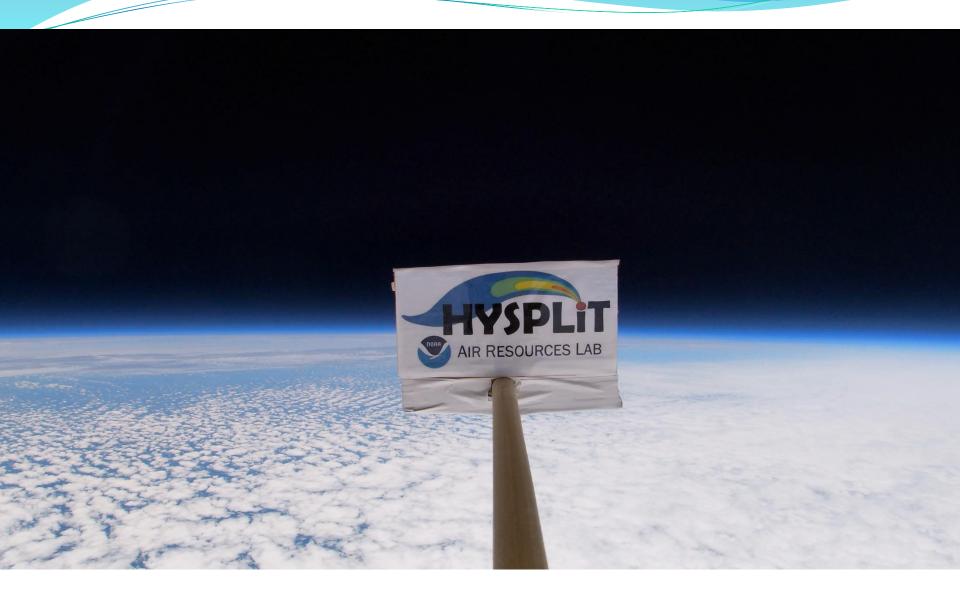
















#### **HYSPLIT Documentation and Learning Resources**

- HYSPLIT Tutorial: detailed instructions on using the GUI + example scripts; can be run online or downloaded to local computer
- The GUI is a great way to learn HYSPLIT
  - O even experienced users use it when trying something new
  - O can create a run in the GUI, and then look at associated input/output files to tell you how to to create a script to do similar simulations
  - you can do some relatively complicated procedures (e.g., trajectory clustering)
- HYSPLIT Users Guide: <u>online</u> (and also in hysplit/documents directory)
- Download HYSPLIT and other resources: <a href="https://www.ready.noaa.gov/HYSPLIT.php">https://www.ready.noaa.gov/HYSPLIT.php</a>
- HYSPLIT Cheat Sheet
- Model Overview: https://www.arl.noaa.gov/hysplit/hysplit/
- Equations: https://www.arl.noaa.gov/wp\_arl/wp-content/uploads/documents/reports/arl-224.pdf
- HYSPLIT Forum: https://hysplitbbs.arl.noaa.gov/
- HYSPLIT FAQ's: <a href="https://www.arl.noaa.gov/hysplit/hysplit-frequently-asked-questions-faqs/">https://www.arl.noaa.gov/hysplit/hysplit-frequently-asked-questions-faqs/</a>
- HYSPLIT Training Workshop: <a href="https://www.ready.noaa.gov/register/HYSPLIT\_hyagenda.php">https://www.ready.noaa.gov/register/HYSPLIT\_hyagenda.php</a>
- Stein et al., 2015: NOAA's HYSPLIT atmospheric transport and dispersion modeling system, *Bull. Amer. Meteor. Soc.*, 96, 2059-2077, http://dx.doi.org/10.1175/BAMS-D-14-00110.1
- Rolph et al., 2017: Real-time Environmental Applications and Display sYstem: READY. Environmental Modelling & Software, 95, 210-228, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envsoft.2017.06.025



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